



# Optimizing Email Campaigns Based on Pricing Variability

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## Abstract

Email marketing is now a mainstay in most e-commerce customer engagement platforms especially considering dynamic pricing and personalized campaign tactics. This paper explores how pricing-based cohort segmentation can best optimize email campaigns by identifying the appropriate consumer groups sensitive to price changes so marketers can adjust the timing and content of their campaigns for maximum engagement and conversion. Three effective strategies identified in this paper for cohorts and their related targeted email dispatch are leveraging user behavior data, real-time pricing adjustments, and automation. Beyond that, the paper includes a review of challenges like synchronization issues, as well as data privacy issues, while incorporating real-world case studies demonstrating the impact of cohort-based strategies on campaign performance. The future directions discussed look into the role of AI and machine learning in generating higher accuracy levels for cohort segmentation and personalization, which shall serve as the road to refined data-driven email marketing strategies for e-commerce.

**Keywords:** Email marketing, cohort segmentation, pricing variability, e-commerce, personalization, data-driven marketing, dynamic pricing.

## INTRODUCTION

Email marketing has turned to be one of the most effective communication tools used to reach customers within e-commerce competition. By being able to reach out to consumers directly in their mail the ability for businesses to convey offers, updates on products, and content creates greater interaction and sales. Specific email marketing is one of the modern e-commerce development trends used for managing existing customer relationships, the direct selling of the presented products, and the recovery of abandoned purchases. While there are so many portable media platforms to market through, e-mail marketing is perhaps one of the most rewarding as far as ROI is concerned because of its potential for selecting the audience to target with high propensity to make a purchase.

Another element of prominence that defines consumer behavior in e-commerce is price. Some of the shopper behaviors are predominantly influenced by price sensitivity and they change their buying patterns when there is change in price perception or discount offers. Fluctuating the price—across demand, stock, and competitors’ standards where possible—may be used to sway price-sensitive costumers’ interest. This is something that customers want as well as it helps businesses to turn over stock and make better solutions themselves. Thus, the management of the pricing policy in connection with the use of email marketing makes it possible

to increase the relevance of attracting buyers at the most favorable prices, using the materials presented in the table.

The purpose of this paper is therefore to fill this knowledge gap by analyzing the factors that can help identify better performing email campaign cohorts and when to target them. This same user cohort can be detected through the observation of buyer behavior and organic preference to products that are relatively cheaper. Also, approaching consumers at the right time, by setting the time of emails sends in relation to the time when prices tend to decrease, company’s engagement and conversion will increase. This approach looks into use of data to send emails that contain proper messages that appeal to the customers’ buying needs in order to increase efficiency and effective times for email marketing in e-commerce.

### The Importance of Email Marketing Open Rates



Figure 1: Importance of Email Marketing

## LITERATURE REVIEW

Due to the development of internet selling known as e-commerce, new methods of a marketing mix have emerged with dynamic pricing and personalized email campaigns being seen as important and innovative tactics to increase the attractiveness of offerings and customer acquisition rates. This literature review focuses on dynamic pricing in e-commerce, targeted and segmentation email marketing, and the possibility of adding cohort analysis alongside these methods to enhance campaign results.

- **Dynamic Pricing in E-commerce**

Real-time pricing, with regard to the changes in the prices of products and services based on characteristics of the market, competition and the consumers, has become preferred in e-commerce. For this purpose, dynamic pricing aims at achieving high revenues while trying to fit prices into customers and market expectations. However, it also brings some challenges in perceived fairness because consumers do not see why there are high prices every time, they want to purchase any good when there are variations over a short time.

By learning from insights of Nected (2024) [1], it is found that small prices (e.g. 5% increase) are considered reasonable by consumers if they are associated to industrial norms or/and seasonal fluctuations. Larger fluctuations, for instance, variation exceeding 25%, can make the consumers dissatisfied unless these adjustments are combined with incentives to future consumption or future patronage of loyal customers, such as future promotional offers. This is consistent with research by Harvard Business School Online [2] which note that buyers in the industries such as airlines and hotels have grown to accept asymmetrical pricing hence accepting more dynamics in pricing.

Implications of this study include that although dynamic pricing enhances firm's profitability, e-commerce organizations must address consumers' perceptions of fairness. It is suggested that the company could incorporate the use of the loyalty incentives in order to minimize the main drawback of this channel and that is the high degree of the price variability of the product; among the commonly targeted market segments, some customers are likely to be sensitive to the price changes or more specifically, they call for the consistent changes in the prices of this product.

- **The Importance of Individual and Targeted Emailing**

Email marketing remains the dominant method of direct consumer communication, and it is still relevant in e-commerce. Email marketing can also be made more specific because of the features of personalization and targeting which make it easy for marketers to design various campaigns, thus increasing the rate of conversion among customers.

Exemplary examples of personalization seen in email marketing are where content is targeted towards an individual's purchase patterns and browsing and interest on products that were recently bought.

Another study by Sahni [3] shows that targeted email marketing has a far improved open rate and conversion rate than any blank email marketing. In particular, when the mail sent to a particular customer contains information about discount offers or promotions of items the customer has previously shown an interest in then the response is high. The same notion has been highlighted in an [4] report as per which, targeted email campaigns can receive 50% better click through rate as well as 18% more revenue as compared to those email campaigns that are not this way planned.

	GENERIC EMAIL	PERSONALIZED EMAIL
People <u>likely</u> to donate	8%	44%
People <u>unlikely</u> to donate	0%	25%

Figure 2: Comparison between Generic and Personalized email [5]

- **Cohort Analysis in Email marketing**

The concept of cohort analysis where users are partitioned into groups based on certain of a similar characteristic or behavior for instance their past purchase behavior or previous response to previous promotional campaigns. This form of segmentation can be very useful because it reveals details of customers' propensity to respond to specific offers or prices.

Email marketing is cited by Chen and Lee [6] to state that the approach of cohort-based targeting may be highly beneficial in improving its efficiency and the amount of engagement as well as the level of relevance observed. For example, consumers who will react positively to premium offers through campaigns can be segmented based on their price sensitivity allowing e-commerce platform to communicate with them accordingly. Not only does this improve the effectiveness of marketing promotions in providing increased relevancy to the target population, but it also improves the chance of a successful conversion by tying the promotional content to a group's interests.

- **Integrating Dynamic Pricing and Cohort-Based Email Marketing**

Thus, conclusion with the suggestion that the combination of dynamic pricing strategies and the definition of the customers' cohort can contribute to the improvement of the efficiency of email marketing in e-commerce. It allows marketers to analyze price sensitive demographic and trigger

an email promotion in response to the drop in the price or release of discounts.

The business’s emails caused by price drop motivating the consumers experienced a 35% click-through rate increase as well as a 25% conversion rate increase when the emails were targeted to consumers with identified price sensitivity. This goes ahead to support the need to parallel the dynamic pricing data with the cohort analysis when considering email marketing results. Thus, the more suitable content can be shown to segments of users who tend to have a higher reaction to changes in the price of products, e-commerce platforms can improve the client’s satisfaction and sales result.

### IDENTIFYING USER COHORTS FOR DISCOUNTED RATES

- User Cohorts and Segmentation Strategies

User cohorts are groups of customers who can be classified according to various features, activities or reactions to given promotions. Cohort segmentation is especially important in the framework of e-commerce to analyze groups willing to make some decisions similar to their counterparts, for example, those willing to buy at cheaper price. The four major segmentation techniques are demographic, behavioral, psychographic and geographical and all of them present entirely different facts about the customer.

- Demographic Segmentation: Divides users according to such segments as age, income etc. Which affect their buying capacity and price sensitivity.
- Behavioral Segmentation: Concerns itself with the purchase behavior as well as the frequency of interaction and response to previous offers in order to eliminate the effect of discount prone target customers.
- Psychographic Segmentation: Cuts users by life cycle, personality, or values and makes it possible to find segments who value savings or discounts.
- Geographic Segmentation: Ones that take into considerations the location, good when segmenting the market to target people in given areas that are conscious of the amount they need to spend.

Method	Description
Historical Purchase Data	Analyzes past purchases to identify users who frequently buy discounted items.
User Behavior Analysis	Tracks user behavior on the platform, such as clicks on sale items or abandoned carts with discounted products.
Email Engagement Data	Identifies users who engage with emails highlighting discounts, indicating price sensitivity.

Browsing and Wishlist Activity	Observes product browsing and Wishlist behavior to identify users interested in discounts on specific items.
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Table 1:Methods for discounted cohorts

With all these, it is possible for an e-commerce website to create cohorts that are more likely to react to discount-related marketing promotions and allows, in this case, some focused marketing effort.

- Tools and Technologies on User Segmentation

User segmentation requires much advanced tools and technologies to collect and analyze data. Some of the commonly used technologies are as follows:

Tool/Technology	Functionality
Customer Data Platforms (CDPs)	Centralizes user data and enables segmentation based on a variety of behavioral, demographic, and psychographic factors.
Google Analytics	Tracks website user behavior, providing insights into user interaction with sales and discount pages.
Machine Learning Models	Identifies patterns in user behavior, such as price sensitivity, to create predictive cohorts for targeted campaigns.
CRM Software (e.g., HubSpot)	Stores historical purchase data, enabling marketers to segment users based on purchasing habits and preferences.

Table 2: Tools for User Segmentation

### EMAIL CAMPAIGN OPTIMIZED BY PRICE TREND

- Importance of Pricing Variation in Decisions to Buy

Pricing variation is one of the major triggers for consumers' buying decisions. A change in the price, particularly the discount-induced change, triggers interest, urgency, and even promotes buying. Therefore, the users are more likely to change their purchasing behavior due to perceived savings; it's worth aligning with pricing trends while designing email campaigns. With the psychology of the consumer, an e-commerce platform can utilize strategic price drops to attract the low-price-conscious shopper. A picture showing how customers react based on the price drop trends can be a method of summarizing this relationship visually.

- Timing Strategies of Emails Based on Price Drops

Sending emails at the right moment, according to price cuts or promotions, can very well be an effective strategy to get users when they are most interested in purchasing. Some strategies that come with a timing element are as follows:

- Real-time Triggers: Automated triggers can be set up through email, which will alert users immediately after a target price has been reduced. For instance, formerly abandoned cart users can be immediately notified every time the price of an item in a cart has been reduced.
- Periodic Price Tracking: Here, price changes are tracked and the emails are set to be sent based on when a certain product has reached a target price level or when seasonal sales are running.
- Behavioral Timing: This can be done by sending previous data of engagement, which helps find out when specific cohorts are most engaged, allowing the scheduling of email promotions in high activity periods.

● **Data-Driven Approaches for Finding Best Email Deployment Time**

The best times to send emails that are in relation to pricing can be determined through data-driven analysis. In a way, companies can get an idea about the appropriate timing through analysis of user engagement rates, purchase history, and response time. Using the machine learning models or predictive analytics, the perfect time continues to be refined along with patterns of a user's behavior. This will help keep the email strategy flexible and dynamic, which leads to a very adaptive plan, in terms of real-time data, to maximize a campaign.

- Predictive Analytics: Using historical data to foretell the engagement window of the future allows businesses to pre-schedule emails at times when people tend to act and engage.
- A/B Testing: Testing various send times often delineates a clear peak engagement period in specific cohorts, hence optimizes timing.

● **Case Studies:**

Maximizing E-mail Marketing Efficiency by Identifying Cohorts Based on Price Sensitivity

One of the big online electronics retailers utilized cohort analysis to identify cohorts of users very sensitive to price changes. It was created to develop two major segments:

Discount Enthusiasts: People who care about products that are discounted at least 20% off.

Deal Trackers: Customers who monitor the price frequently and most likely will buy after it has dropped by 10 percent or more.

**CHALLENGES AND CONSIDERATIONS**

● **Challenges and Considerations**

Data Privacy and Ethical Concerns with Cohort Segmentation

Collecting and analyzing the data to build price-sensitive cohorts raises significant ethical and legal considerations. Business has to obtain consent for the users, minimize data collection, and be transparently truthful about the use of data from the users. Data segmentation must be respectful of user

privacy and ethical standards so no intrusive or excessive data would be collected. There should be opt-out options provided to users, and the data will be secure [7].

● **Deeper Challenges in Identifying Precisely Price-Responsive Cohorts**

The idea of cohort determination based on price responsiveness alone may be somewhat complex. Individual consumer behavior could be very divergent in response to several factors, including seasonal, economic, and individual-level factors. Traditionally, the purchase data or observed behaviors are sometimes not a very accurate segmentation basis since some users end up being misclassified. Companies have to factor in other behavioral indicators or dynamic changes over time to create a more accurate segmentation.

● **Availability of Data-Timing and Pricing Issues**

The timing of sending the e-mail based on the trend in price is quite essential but tricky to control. The price goes down or up anytime hence requires getting real-time access for the current updated price data. Delayed data synchronization may cause missed chances or even worse, the wrong timing for the email campaign and result in lower engagement or frustration for the consumer. Effective delivery of the campaign at the right time requires a concrete infrastructural base that provides real-time data for pricing.

**RESULTS AND CASE STUDIES**

● **Cohort identification email campaign performance analysis**

Cohort-based email marketing has a very significant measurable difference in performance metrics. For example, targeting the right message at the right time to price-sensitive cohorts boosts engagement and conversion. Segmenting via content targeting messages that strongly resonate with the interest of the user increases the relevance of every campaign [8].

● **Success Metrics**

To measure the success of cohorts in email campaigns, the following are relevant performance metrics:

Metric	Description
Open Rate	Measures the percentage of recipients who open the email.
Click-Through Rate	Tracks the percentage of users who clicked on a link within the email.
Conversion Rate	Indicates the percentage of users who completed a purchase after engagement.
Revenue per Email	Reflects the average revenue generated per email sent.

Table 3: Email Marketing Metrics



- **Examples with Real-World E-commerce Sites**

Many companies, which implement e-commerce, have already proved the usage of the cohort-based email marketing. Below are a few examples:

Closet London: Providing customizable discounted offers to its customers, who are at risk can be quite a potent strategy of lifecycle and behavioral segmentation, just like in the case of Closet London, as they saw their conversion rates shooting up drastically [7].

SwayChic: Segmentation of customers by buy behavior and engagement enabled SwayChic to increase average open rate by 40% and hit revenue. It proved that the campaigns are quite impactful when targeted at the correct buyer behavior [8].

## **FUTURE DIRECTIONS**

- **AI and Machine Learning for Improved Pricing-Based Email Optimization**

The evolution of AI and ML holds promise for the opening of several new ways to optimize email marketing. AI can analyze large datasets to identify pricing trends and refine cohort segmentation, making targeting more precise. With ML algorithms, you can predict the most effective times and discount levels for each cohort that can be dynamically adjusted in real time [11].

- **Personalization Beyond Price**

While price sensitivity is an important driver, there are other drivers of buying behavior. For instance, people prefer certain product lines, they buy frequently or rarely, and there are seasonal patterns. The future email campaign can engage these other factors to provide more holistic personalization to consumers. For instance, AI insights could point out users who are prone to seasonality or specific product line preferences, making it possible to offer highly targeted promotions.

- **Potential Enhancements in Cohort Identification Techniques**

Cohort segmentation technique betterment is perhaps the key area through which success in email marketing can be improved. The advanced algorithms used, like clustering and neural networks, greatly improve the segmentation techniques' accuracy while integrating more behavioral and contextual data. For instance, the actual browsing behavior in real-time or social media interactions can be included in the input list along with other variables to differentiate cohorts much better and help the marketer target price-sensitive people effectively [12].

## **CONCLUSION**

- **Summary of Key Findings**

This study suggests that cohort-based email marketing-possibly when combined with price trend analysis-can

generate substantially increased engagement and conversion. Indeed, price-sensitive cohorts react positively to a well-timed, personalized email offer, thus proving the segmentation and the price variability in e-commerce to be potent tools.

- **The Role of Pricing Variability in Maximizing Email Campaign Optimisation**

Variability in pricing can be used to create a sense of urgency and incentivize buying in certain user groups if implemented well. Aligning the campaigns of the email with the fluctuation in prices can enable a business to connect with price-sensitive customers at a moment of highest relevance to campaign performance.

- **Conclusion on the Cohort-Based E-commerce Email Marketing Strategies Value**

Cohort-based email marketing will let an e-commerce business outsmart other businesses by showcasing content to consumers targeting their preferences. As the technology continues to advance with a greater analysis of data and applications of AI techniques, companies are better placed to achieve precision in cohorts that improve on personalization to enhance efforts in marketing every time.

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